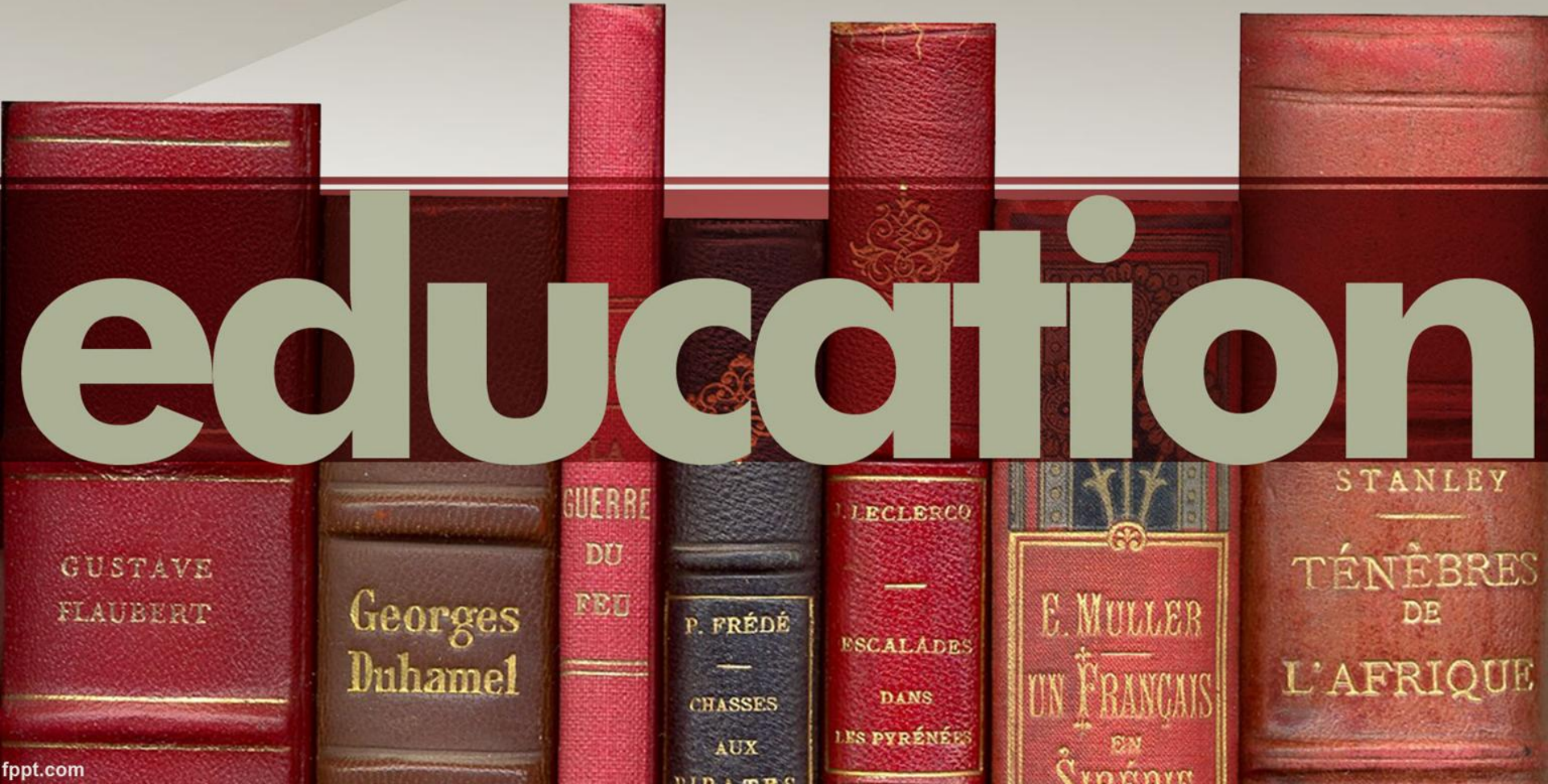




Passive Voice

education



Active & Passive Voice

Active Voice

When using the active voice, **the subjects are the ones performing the action.**

- S V O
- God | loves | all men.
 - Birds | build | nests.
 - Dog | eats | bones.

In these three sentences the subject does the action. Hence they are in the active voice.

Passive Voice

In the passive voice, **the verb takes an object.**

- O V S
- All men | are loved | by God.
 - Nests | are built | by birds.
 - Bones | are eaten | by dog.

These sentences are in passive voice.

The Passive voice is used in English

- (a) **To stress the action done rather than the doer of the action**
- (b) **If the doer is unknown**
- (c) **When it is more convenient.**

education

Active & Passive Voice

Change of auxiliary verbs:

Infinitive		To be washed
Simple	present	It is washed.
	past	It was washed.
	future	It will be washed.
	conditional	It would be washed.
Continuous	present	It is being washed.
	past	It was being washed.
	future	It will be being washed.
	conditional	It would be being washed.
Perfect simple	present	It has been washed.
	past	It had been washed.
	future	It will have been washed.
	conditional	It would have been washed.
Perfect continuous	present	It has been being washed.
	past	It had been being washed.
	future	It will have been being washed.
	conditional	It would have been being washed.

education

Active & Passive Voice

Change of Pronouns:

Active Voice	Passive Voice
I	me
we	us
you	you
he	him
she	her
it	it
they	them

education

Active to Passive Voice

Rules for changing Active Voice into Passive Voice:

- Identify the subject, the verb and the object: SVO
- Change the object into subject
- Put the suitable helping verb or auxiliary verb. In case helping verb is given, use the same. But note that the helping verb given agrees with the object.
- Change the verb into past participle of the verb.
- Add the preposition "by"
- Change the subject into object

education

Active to Passive Voice

Imperative sentences

If the given sentence in the active voice is in the imperative, to get the passive voice use 'Let'. Hence, Passive Voice = **Let + Object + be + Past Participle**

Active Voice	Passive Voice
Help me	Let me be helped
Open the door	Let the door be opened
Don't eat this fruit	Let not this fruit be eaten
Sing a song	Let a song be sung

education

Active to Passive Voice

Interrogative sentences

If the question in the active voice begins with a helping verb the passive voice must also begin with a suitable helping verb. Supposing the question begins with 'Wh or How' form (what, when, how ...) the Passive Voice must begin with the same.

Active Voice	Passive Voice
Are you writing a letter?	Is a letter being written by you?
Is she beating the child?	Is the child beaten by her?
Will you accept the position?	Will the position be accepted by you?



education

Active to Passive Voice

If a sentence contains two objects namely indirect object and direct object in the active voice, two forms of passive voice can be formed.



- She brought me a cup of coffee. (AV)
 - I was brought a cup of coffee by her. (PV) (or)
 - A cup of coffee was brought [to] me by her. (PV)

- The teacher teaches us grammar. (AV)
 - We are taught grammar by the teacher. (PV) (or)
 - Grammar is taught to us by the teacher. (PV)



education

Active to Passive Voice

Beware of complement

- They made him king. (AV)
He was made king by them. (PV)



Infinitive and Gerund :

- I want to shoot the tiger. (AV)
I want the tiger to be shot. (PV)
- I remember my father taking me to the theatre.
I remember being taken to the theatre by my father.



education

Passive to Active Voice

While changing passive voice into active voice, we must keep in mind **all the rules of the active voice in the reverse order**. we come across sentences in the passive voice without subject or agent. in this case, supply the appropriate subject.

To decide whether the given passive voice sentence is in passive voice, any one of the following constructions should be present.

1. is, was ,are, were, am + past participle
2. be + past participle
3. being + past participle
4. been + past participle
5. Let ...be + past participle

Passive to Active Voice

Passive Voice	Active Voice
The thief was finally arrested	The police finally arrested the thief
We were taught grammar	The teacher taught us grammar
My purse has been stolen	Somebody has stolen my purse
The patients were looked after	The doctor looked after the patients
My pocket has been picked.	Someone has picked my pocket.
Our army has been defeated.	The enemy has defeated our army.
I shall be obliged to go.	Circumstances will oblige me to go.

Impersonal Passive

Look at these two sentences:

- Last year, the Green-India scheme was announced **by** the Government.
- Rare plants are found in Silent Valley.

In the first sentence, the doer/agent is explicitly mentioned because the doer is important in that sentence. But in the second sentence it is not so, because either the agent or doer of the action is too obvious or unknown. The emphasis is on the action or process or thing that is described. So the 'by' phrase is generally omitted in these type of sentences. It is called Impersonal Passive.

- They say that might is right. (AV)
It is said that might is right. (PV)
- One finds mosquitoes everywhere. . (AV)
Mosquitoes are found everywhere. (PV)
- He gave us a drink. . (AV)
A drink was given to us. (PV)



<http://WWW.easy-formacion.COM>

education